



## **SUBMISSION BY THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA**

Pursuant to Flexible Workplan of the Adaptation Committee for 2019-2020, call for submissions on “**how to mainstream gender considerations into national adaptation planning and implementation**”, the Government of the Republic of Indonesia herewith submits views on how to mainstream gender considerations in the national adaptation planning process, responding to the following questions:

- **What are good examples of lessons learned and best practices in prioritizing/incorporating gender in the process to formulate and implement national adaptation plans in your country or constituency?**

Gender mainstreaming in Indonesia is a systematic strategy to achieve gender equality and justice the strategy is expected to be implemented in every stage of programme management of institutions/organizations. One of the strategic lesson learned in gender mainstreaming into national adaptation planning and implementation is that all relevant ministries has developed the responsive gender policies, programmes, and activities, incorporated in the of following plans or guidances;

- a. Revised National Plan of Actions for Climate Change Adaptations.
- b. Technical guidance on gender mainstreaming for climate change adaptation in the sub-national level.
- c. Technical guidance for mapping implementation of gender mainstreaming at sub-national level for marine and fisheries.
- d. Technical guidance for coastal village development.

There are also a number of best practices in incorporating gender in the process to formulate and implement adaptation plan by using gender as indicator for various climate change related programme at the local level, such as;

- a. Climate Village Program or ProKlim (*Program Kampung Iklim*);
- b. Peat Guardian Village (*Desa Peduli Gambut*, participatory mapping and community development to conserve peatland, training of land clearing without burning);
- c. Community Based Water Supply and Sanitation Programme;
- d. Healthy Indonesia Program with Family Approach.

▪ **How can gender best be incorporated into adaptation action?**

Gender can be best incorporated into adaptation action through consistent implementation, monitoring and evaluation of the gender mainstreaming policy and programme.

Implementation of gender responsive policy and programme shall be able to bridge the gap between men and women on various issues including social economic status, role and responsibility. It should be understood that gender mainstreaming is not only about number of woman/man participation, but also about impact of the balance of power.

Government oversight is required to ensure gender responsive policy well implemented in the national and local level.

▪ **In your experience, what are remaining gaps related to incorporating gender considerations into adaptation planning and implementation?**

- Understanding on gender mainstreaming and climate change adaptation varies widely within Indonesian societies between regions. Some regions or areas are still facing cultural barriers in promoting women participation.
- Lack of disaggregated data for gender perspective (women and men) yet to be addressed, in order to reduce the challenge relating to cultural barrier.

▪ **What are useful sources relevant to this topic?**

- Gender related portal (e.g. ministries, sub-national institutions, universities, NGOs).
- Regulations and technical guidances.
- International Institutions (e.g. Gender Working Group UNFCCC, UN Women, UNDP, IPCC).

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