## NS-241 - Provision of Sustainable Energy in Zimbabwe through use of Biogas

## **Zimbabwe**

## NAMA Seeking Support for Preparation

	A Overview
A.1 Party	Zimbabwe
A.2 Title of Mitigation Action	Provision of Sustainable Energy in Zimbabwe through use of Biogas
A.3 Description of mitigation action	Diogus
A.3 Description of intigation action	The Ministry of Energy and Power Development will implement the programme. Collaborations with other government departments, institutions, non-governmental organisations and civic society organisations will be sought. The overall aim of the programme aims at:
	<ul> <li>Creating awareness of biogas technology in small holder dairy and piggery farming areas and in rural areas;</li> <li>Training builders in the construction and installation of digesters as well as loading and maintenance, this will generate some income for the trainees; and</li> <li>Developing and adapting paraffin, LPG refrigerators and other appliances for use with biogas.</li> <li>For all uses the aim is to successfully develop a market-driven sector.</li> </ul>
	In the domestic sector over 200 digesters have been constructed so far but the aim is to cover all the 57 rural districts in the country. In the
	first ten years it is expected that 7 800 domestic digesters will be
	constructed. The programme also focuses on construction of digesters
	at public institutions; i.e. schools, prisons, and hospitals. It is
	anticipated that 100 institutional digesters (minimum size, 50m3) will
	be constructed in the next 5years. 100 municipal digesters will be
	constructed in the next 5 years (minimum size 200m3). The sites for
	municipal digesters are vegetable market places and sewage
	treatment works. Currently 800m3 (4x 200m3) digesters are being
	constructed in Harare's major vegetable market, Mbare. Sustainability will be achieved through training of participants, farmers and artisans
	in the technology; i.e. for repairs and maintenance.
A.4 Sector	X Energy supply
	Pagidential and Commercial Iransport and its
	buildings
	X Agriculture
	X Waste management Forestry
	Other
A.5 Technology	X Bioenergy Energy Efficiency  Coethormal Energy
	Hydropower Geothermal Energy Solar Energy
	Wind Energy Solar Energy

A.6 Type of action  A.7 Greenhouse gases covered by the action	Carbon Capture and Storage  X Land fill gas collection  Other  Droject: Investment in machinery  X National/Sectoral goal  X Strategy  X National/Sectoral policy or program  Project: Investment in infrastructure  Project: other  X CO2
	N2O HFCs PFCs SF6
	Other
B Natio	nal Implementing Entity
B.1.0 Name	Ministry of Energy and Power Development
B.1.1 Contact Person 1	Mr. Malan Manyundo
B.1.2 Address	2nd Floor John Boyne Building Corner Innez Terrace Street/ Speke Avenue Private Bag 7758, Causeway Harare, Zimbabwe
B.1.3 Phone	+2634703320, +263 733 287 661 , +263 777 659 560
B.1.4 Email	mmanyundo@gmail.com
B.1.5 Contact Person 2	Ms Shorai Kavu
B.1.6 Address	2nd Floor John Boyne Building Corner Innez Terrace Street/ Speke Avenue Private Bag 7758, Causeway Harare, Zimbabwe
B.1.7 Phone	+2634703320, +263 733 361 402
B.1.8 Email	kavkajongwe@gmail.com
B.1.9 Contact Person 3	
B.1.10 Address	
B.1.11 Phone	
B.1.12 Email	
B.1.13 Comments	
	or the preparation of the mitigation action
C.1	Number of months for completion 6
	D Currency
D.1 Used Currency	AED
	Conversion to USD: 1
	E Cost
E.1.1	Estimated full cost of preparation
E.1.2	Comments on full cost of preparation
	ed to prepare the mitigation action
F.1.1 Amount of Financial support	300000
F.1.2 Type of required Financial support	X Grant
J. I was a superference of the superference of	Loan (sovereign)  Guarantee
	Loan (Private)
	Carbon finance

	Other
F.1.3 Comments on Financial support	The cost of preparation stated above is justified by the fact that there
	is need to hire a consultant to carry out a baseline survey that is
	required to prepare the NAMA. The amount will be split between
	paying for consultant services and costs of workshops that will be
F.2.1 Amount of Technical support	held on capacity building 200000
F.2.2 Comments on Technical support	The cost of preparation stated above is justified by the fact that there
TIELE COMMOND ON TOOMSON CUPPOR	is need to hire an international consultant to prepare a full NAMA
	proposal. The amount will be split between paying for consultant
	services and costs of consultative meetings
F.3.1 Amount of capacity building support	100000
F.3.2 Type of required capacity building support	X Individual level
	X Institutional level
	X Systemic level
	Other
F.3.3 Comments on Capacity Building support	
•	Training for monitoring and evaluation of completed digesters for Ministry of Energy personnel.
	for withistry of Energy personner.
•	Capacity building for biogas designers, builders and for
	maintenance procedures. MRV systems
F.4 Financial support required	
F.5 Technological support required	
F.6 Capacity support required	
G Relevant National Policies strategie	es, plans and programmes and/or other mitigation action
G.1 Relevant National Policies	
	The project will be implemented as part of the Zimbabwe Agenda
	for Sustainable Socio-Economic Transformation's target of 1 250 digesters installed by 2018 and as one of Zimbabwe's INDCs
	and Third National Communication to UNFCCC climate change
	mitigation options. ZimASSET is Zimbabwe's economic blue
	print.
	Besides biogas dissemination the other mitigation projects which
	Zimbabwe is implementing or planned to implement are:
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lacksquare	Fixture relamping of 250W mercury vapour street lights with
•	90W LED flood lights in the City of Harare. Some of the installed
•	

also contributing to improved energy security;

Swedish Government;

Voluntary energy audits and implementation of energy management opportunities by companies affiliated to Confederation of Zimbabwe Industries in collaboration with the

- Certified Energy Manager Training funded by the Zimbabwe Energy Regulatory Authority (ZERA) in which thirty representatives from top most energy intensive using companies were capacitated to manage their energy. These companies were asked to conduct energy audits and implement identified energy conservation measures. They will submit their reports for audits and implementation to ZERA. Training of more companies has been planned by ZERA to boost organizational capacity in managing energy before mandating significant energy users to provide energy audit reports every three years;
- Installation prepaid meters has resulted in significant reduction in household electricity usage as households are able to manage electricity on their own. The government plan to have 800,000 prepaid meters in households and commercial by 2018;
- Use of alternative forms of energy such as solar energy. The nation has plans to retrofit electric geysers with solar water heaters as well as installations of solar water heaters on new buildings; and
- Blending of petrol with ethanol. Currently the country is using E10 and E15 but plans are there to reach E20 by 2018.

## G.2 Link to other NAMAs

	H Attachments
H Attachments	Title Description
	Climate Change Response Strategy.pdf
	energy_policy.pdf
	Zim-Asset.pdf
	Zimbabwe Intended Nationally Determined
	Contribution 2015.pdf
H.1 Attachment description	1. The National Climate Change Response Strategy 2. The
	National Energy Policy 3. The National Economic Blueprint for
	Zimbabwe 4. Zimbabwe INDC submitted to UNFCCC
H.2 File	Browse
	I Support received
I.1 Outside the Registry	Not yet received suport
I.2 Within the Registry	Support provided SupportType Amount Comment Date